RISK MANAGEMENT STEPS

- 1 Identify hazards potential sources of danger. Consider all aspects of METT-T:
 - -length & nature (complexity, danger) of operations
 - -factors of supervision (command & control, day/lim vis/night)
 - -soldier experience levels, training status & condition
 - -environment/weather (terrain, heat, cold, haze, dust, mud, fog, rain, snow, ice)
 - -age & maintenance status of equipment -leader rest status & mission prep time
- 2 Assess hazards & cumulative effect on mission/objective considering probability of causing problems & severity of consequences; qualify risk as extremely high, high, moderate or low

RISK MANAGEMENT STEPS	
3	Develop controls to eliminate or reduce risk of hazard - specify who, what, where, when & how, determine residual risk as controls are developed; CDR make decision whether to accept level of residual risk
4	Implement controls; state how communicated & put into effect - SOP, safety briefings, rehearsal
5	Supervise & evaluate -Monitor, follow up, reevaluate plan, make adjustments, incorporate lessons learned
4	Use sample hazard risk assessment matrix